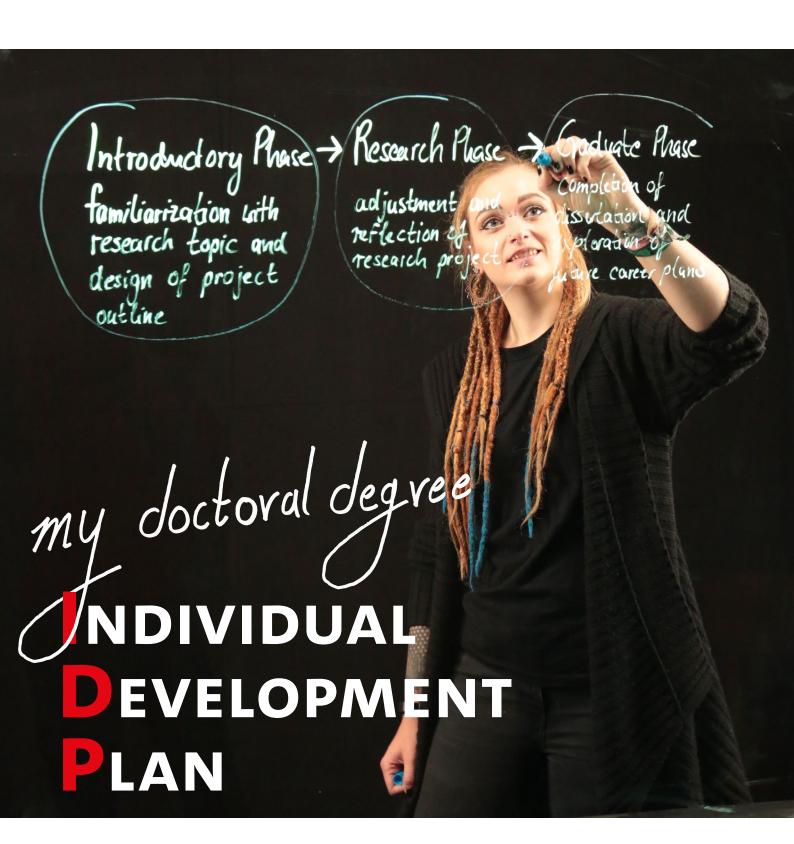


FACULTY

OF MATHEMATICS, INFORMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES



INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

As a doctoral candidate, you need to own your education!

Obtaining a doctoral degree requires autonomous and independent research that provides new insights.

The success and the quality of your research depends on your ability to receive training and career guidance. Therefore, we encourage you to regularly analyze and monitor your progress with the help of this Individual Development Plan (IDP) and to share it with your supervisor(s).

The IDP, which is available for you as a printed booklet and in digital form on our website, consists of three parts tailored to the stages of your doctoral project:



Based on your self-assessment, we will be able to provide you with guidance in soft skills and specialized qualification programs. Please, check the suggestions in the IDP and make use of the offers proposed by Universität Hamburg (UHH) and others for your personal development. The competences and qualifications that you gather during your doctoral education will open up a wide range of career paths.

Seize the opportunity: record your achievements, receive feedback, and set goals for your future.

HOW CAN I DEVELOP MY IDP?

Get an IDP template for yourself!

It is easy to get lost in details; however, it is essential that you always keep the bigger picture in mind. Use the questions in the IDP template to specify key points for yourself and to foster a mentoring relationship with your supervisor(s).

2. Meet with your supervisor(s).

You should initiate requests for advice and criticism. After you have completed the skills assessment, contact your supervisor(s) and schedule a first meeting for the discussion of your IDP in order to develop a roadmap for your professional development. Ideally, this should happen within the first semester of your doctorate - but it's never too late to get started!

3. Jointly discuss and refine your IDP.

The IDP highlights core issues that will most likely arise during your doctoral training. You may use it to structure and promote an honest and open exchange with your supervisor(s).

4 Establish clear steps and implement your plan.

The last section of the IDP invites you to set specific objectives for the coming year. Keep this plan at hand for reference and reflect on your development.

BENEFITS of the IDP

With the help of the IDP you can

- ☑ identify short-term goals to gain important skills for your PhD journey
- ☑ align expectations and clarify responsibilities to avoid conflicts
- ☑ jumpstart long-term career planning

YEAR 1: RESEARCH FRAMEWORK

What are central questions and hypotheses for my doctorate?

Set main goals, structure the project into small steps and develop a clear plan how to proceed in the first year.

Keep it simple – note only key points.

What skills and resources are necessary?

Most projects will develop over time and become more specific. Ask yourself if you have the necessary skills and access to the required resources (e.g., lab space, appliances, software, and literature).

Who may be peers or mentors in the beginning?

Establish your network. It may be helpful to seek advice from peers (e.g., how to start, where to find, whom to contact etc.). Join the MIN PhD club to get to know your peers. Try to figure out what kind of guidance you need and can expect from your supervisor(s).

Do I know the rules of Good Scientific Practice (GSP) bylaws of UHH?

Get aquainted with the rules (e.g., on how to properly store data, who owns the data, who should be an author on your publications, where does scientific misconduct start). Talk to your supervisor(s), mentors and other doctoral candidates about these topics and register for a course on good scientific practice.

 \checkmark

Yes No

Not sure

Attended a GSP course

How do I finance my doctorate?

Doctoral candidates in Germany often work parttime as academic assistants or research associates. The different funding schemes have consequences for your personal workload and time line. Keep in mind, research project and doctoral project are not always identical!

Financial support provided trough:

 \checkmark

Institutional position Scholarship Third party funded position

Until:
Others (please specify):

How do I want to publish my doctoral project?

 \checkmark

Monography

Minimum peer reviewed publications:

Cumulative dissertation

First authorship:

What is the timeline for my doctorate?

Start:

Expected end:

Weekly working hours:

What type of career do I desire?

Teaching, academic research, consulting, nonacademic research, writing, research management, others



YEAR 1: ACADEMIC SKILLS

You gain relevant competences and skills besides scientific knowledge during your doctoral project.

Reflecting on these regularly is important to identify strengths and developmental needs.





Hit the mark! Set up target skills.

Take an honest look at yourself; compare your skills and qualities to those a doctoral candidate ready to defend their dissertation should have. Use the form on the right to evaluate your personal, current ability level from weak (--) to strong (++). You may skip individual lines, if there is no basis for evaluation, or use the blank spaces to add other skills.

It is a challenging task to do this assessment, especially at the beginning of your research studies. Talking to mentors, peers, family and friends about their views might be helpful. Ask your supervisor(s) as well if they agree or disagree with your judgement.

The table lists core competences of successful scientists based on the so-called Researchers Development Framework (Vitae®). It is just one approach to group the multifaceted skills and attributes of researchers. In fact, there are many other ways of clustering these abilities and the list is not exhaustive. However, it may give you an idea how broad the expertise is that you will most likely gain during your doctoral training!

Visit www.geventis.uni-hamburg.de, www.hra-hamburg. de or Career Development Cycle of the human resources department (UHH) and register for courses matching the feedback and your self-assessment.

	 -	+	++
Knowledge & Intellectual Abilities			
Subject knowledge			
Broad scientific knowledge			
Creative and innovative thinking			
Problem solving			
Analytical and critical thinking			
Personal Effectiveness			
Identifying career opportunities			
Time management			
Networking			
Responsibility and self-reflection			
Keeping documents up-to-date			
Creating a work-life balance			
Engagement & Impact			
Scientific writing			
Taking constructive criticism			
Presenting research			
Leading and motivating others			
Giving constructive feedback			
Teaching			
Public engagement			
Professionalism & Project Management			
Understanding authorship practice			
Understanding data ownership			
Demonstrating responsible conduct			
Identifying/managing conflict of interest			
Upholding commitments/deadlines			
Project planning and delivery			

YEAR 1: ACTION PLAN

1. Communication

What is the best way to set meetings? How often are you going to meet with your supervisor(s) to discuss your research progress?

2. Target Skills

What skills did you identify as important developmental targets for the coming year? Check your self-assessment and point out at least two targets.

3. Activities

What meetings, workshops and conferences do you plan to visit?

Do you plan a research stay abroad during your doctoral project?

What teaching or comparable activities do you plan to do?

What summer schools, soft skill courses and/or seminars do you plan to attend?

What collaborations or internships do you plan to initiate?

regularly on request
once a week
once a month/year
every half year

4. Funding

Do you need additional financial support for consumables or for your planned activities such as research stays abroad? Are you aware of the many different funding options? Check out the MINGZ website for further information.

5. Additional actions

There are numerous other options to make the most of your doctorate such as (online) networking, involvement in outreach work, work-shadowing at Universität Hamburg etc. Start to think about these little extras and list things you would like to try.

6. Follow-ups

When are you going to discuss the next level IDP?

7. More

Show your project plan to other doctoral candidates, students or people in the department. Learn to ask for feedback and constructive criticism.

LOOKING FOR INFORMATION AND SUPPORT AROUND YOUR DOCTORATE?



YOUR MIN GRADUATE CENTER (MINGZ) IS HERE TO HELP!



MIN PhD Gateway



MINGZ FAQ



MINGZ PhD Newsletter



MINGZ Twitter Channel

INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN YEAR 2

It's time to think about what you have accomplished so far. You are now probably familiar with your specific research topic and quite busy with data collection or analysis. Check again your tasks and aims; this will help you to remain focused despite the distractions of daily work. Compare your personal progress with those goals while updating your IDP.

Such a self-referential feedback process allows you to set up new targets and increases your chance to reach your goals.

HOW DO I UPDATE MY IDP?

Check, compare and reassess your situation!

It is easy to get lost in details; however, it is essential that you keep the bigger picture in mind. Use the questions in the IDP template to specify key points for yourself and to foster a mentoring relationship with your supervisor(s).

2. Meet with your supervisor(s).

You should initiate requests for advice and criticism. Please contact your supervisor(s) and schedule a meeting for the discussion of your IDP in order to continue the roadmap for your professional development at the start of your second year.

Jointly discuss and refine your IDP.

The IDP highlights core issues that will most likely arise during your doctoral training. You may use it to structure and promote an honest and open exchange with your supervisor(s).

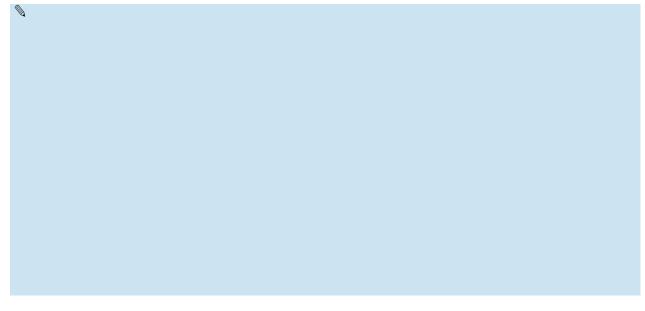
4. Establish clear steps and implement your plan.

The last section of the IDP invites you to set specific objectives for the upcoming year. Keep this plan at hand for reference and reflect on your development.

YEAR 2: RESEARCH PROGRESS

Which accomplishments of the past year are helpful for your career development?

List publications, articles, presentations, teaching, mentoring of Bachelor/Master students etc.



RESEARCH PROGRESS

DEVELOPMENT

ACADEMIC SKILLS

ACTION PLAN

How satisfied are you with your achievements of the past year? List your target skills from the previous year and evaluate them on a scale from 1 to 10, with 10 being highly satisfied and 1 highly dissatisfied. Think about what is necessary to increase the score of specific points. Did you experience unexpected or unusual challenges? Describe potential difficulties and actions you may have taken to meet these challenges. Are there any factors that you are concerned about, which may negatively affect your project?

YEAR 2: DEVELOPMENT

What is your long-term career goal?

What would you like to do in 5-10 years? Only a minority of doctoral researchers stays in academia. There are plenty of other great career options!

What type of career do you desire?

Do you have more than one idea? List plan A, B, C etc.

Have you started thinking about steps to help you reach these goals?

What are essential requirements for career paths in academia, administration or industry? List thoughts and questions.

RESEARCH PROGRESS DEVELOPMENT ACADEMIC SKILLS ACTION PLAN

When will you start searching for a job or apply for a postdoc position? It is advisable to explore favourite career options early! What training or skillset is required to reach your career goals?

Are you aware of the workshops and trainings for doctoral candidates at Universität Hamburg or the Hamburg Research Academy?

How may your supervisor(s) help you to achieve your goals?

Talk to your supervisor(s) and other mentors about different career options.

YEAR 2: ACADEMIC SKILLS

You gain relevant competences and skills besides scientific knowledge during your doctoral project.

Reflecting on these regularly is important to identify strengths and developmental needs.





Write it down! Make a plan.

Take an honest look at yourself; compare your skills and qualities to those a doctoral candidate ready to defend their dissertation should have. Use the form to the right to evaluate your personal, current ability level from weak (--) to strong (++). You may skip individual lines, if there is no basis for evaluation, or use the blank spaces to add other skills.

The table lists core competences of successful scientists based on the so-called Researchers Development Framework (Vitae®). It is just one approach to group the multifaceted skills and attributes of researchers. In fact, there are many other ways of clustering these abilities and the list is not exhaustive. However, it may give you an idea how broad the expertise is that you will most likely gain during your doctoral training!

Take the chance and use online resources such as MyIDP to further analyze and strengthen your professional development or check out these career-planning tools:

MyIDP: myidp.sciencecareers.org/

Researchers Development Framework: vitae.ac.uk/researchers-professional-development

RESEARCH PROGRESS DEVELOPMENT ACADEMIC SKILLS ACTION PLAN

	 -	+	++
Knowledge & Intellectual Abilities			
Subject knowledge			
Broad scientific knowledge			
Creative and innovative thinking			
Problem solving			
Analytical and critical thinking			
Personal Effectiveness			
Identifying career opportunities			
Time management			
Networking			
Responsibility and self-reflection			
Keeping documents up-to-date			
Creating a work-life balance			
Engagement & Impact			
Scientific writing			
Taking constructive criticism			
Presenting research			
Leading and motivating others			
Giving constructive feedback			
Teaching			
Public engagement			
Professionalism & Project Management			
Understanding authorship practice			
Understanding data ownership			
Demonstrating responsible conduct			
Identifying/managing conflict of interest			
Upholding commitments/deadlines			
Project planning and delivery			

YEAR 2: ACTION PLAN

1. Timeline

When do you plan to finish your doctoral project?

Disputation: (Month/Year)

2. Target Skills

What skills did you identify as important developmental targets for the coming year? Check your self-assessment and point out at least two targets.

3. Activities

What meetings, workshops and conferences do you plan to visit?

Do you plan a research stay abroad during your doctoral project?

What teaching or comparable activities do you plan to do?

What collaborations or internships do you plan to

What summer schools, soft skill courses and/or seminars do you plan to attend? initiate?

RESEARCH PROGRESS DEVELOPMENT ACADEMIC SKILLS **ACTION PLAN**

4. Funding

Do you need additional financial support for consumables or for your planned activities such as research stays abroad? Do you need to request an extension of your funding or submit progress reports?

5. Additional actions

There are numerous other options to make the most of your doctorate such as (online) networking, involvement in outreach work, work-shadowing at Universität Hamburg etc. Start to think about these little extras and list activities you would like to try.

6. Follow-ups

When are you going to discuss the next level IDP and your career development?

7. More

Is there anything else you would like to point out?

The Individual Development Plan is based on the approach of a classic **Career Development Cycle**, which comprises five areas:



Reflect Clarify your personal interests, values, skills, and motivation.

Explore Explore fields of activity and familiarize yourself with new areas.

Define Define your professional goals and plan the next steps.

Qualify Refresh and expand your knowledge and skills.

Implement Work towards achieving your goals and apply all you have learned.

The **strategic HR department** accompanies you in developing your career individually, personally and strategically.

Do you have questions? Get in touch with us via karriereentwicklung@uni-hamburg.de

Take the time to think about what you have accomplished so far. You are familiar with your specific research topic and you know how your project fits into your research field as a whole. Furthermore, you have probably taken the first successful steps towards completing your dissertation. Check again your tasks and aims; this will help you to remain focused. Compare your personal progress with those goals while updating your IDP. Such a self-referential feedback process allows you to set new targets and increases your chances of reaching your goals. Thinking about your future career at this stage is critical for a smooth transition into academia, industry and beyond.

HOW DO I UPDATE MY IDP?

Check, compare and reassess your situation!

It is easy to get lost in details; however, it is essential that you keep the bigger picture in mind. Use the questions in the IDP template to specify key points for yourself and to foster a mentoring relationship with your supervisor.

2. Meet with your supervisor(s).

You should initiate requests for advice and criticism. Please contact your supervisor(s) and schedule a meeting for the discussion of your IDP in order to continue the roadmap for your professional development.

3. Jointly discuss and refine your IDP.

The IDP highlights core issues that will most likely arise during your doctoral training. You may use it to structure and promote an honest and open exchange with your supervisor(s).

Establish clear steps and implement your plan.

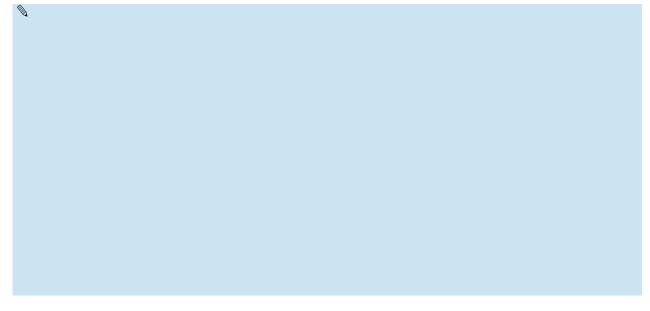
The last section of the IDP invites you to set specific objectives for the upcoming year. Keep this plan at hand for reference and reflect on your development.

YEAR 3/4: RESEARCH PROGRESS

Do you have a precise plan and deadline for your project? Try to list all open tasks that are relevant for the finalization of your dissertation. Use deadlines for the individual steps and set a final date. How satisfied are you with your progress? Do you think you will be able to complete the project on time? Evaluate the status of your research; identify what you can skip or modify. Who can be your mentors in the graduation phase? Share your results and thoughts, promote discussion and open up conversations. All of this will increase the value and impact of your research.

Which accomplishments of the past year are helpful for your career development?

List publications, articles, presentations, teaching, mentoring of Bachelor/Master students etc.



RESEARCH PROGRESS

DEVELOPMENT

ACADEMIC SKILLS

ACTION PLAN

How satisfied are you with your achievements of the past year? List your target skills from the previous year and and evaluate them on a scale of 1 to 10, with 10 being highly satisfied and 1 highly dissatisfied. Think about what is necessary to increase the score of specific points.

Did you experience unexpected or unusual challenges?

Describe potential difficulties and actions you may have taken to meet these challenges.

Are there any factors that you are concerned about, which may negatively affect your project?

YEAR 3/4: DEVELOPMENT

What is your long-term career goal?

What would you like to do in 5 to 10 years? Only a minority of doctoral researchers stays in academia. There are plenty of other great career options!

What type of career do you desire?

Do you have more than one idea? List plan A, B, C etc.

Have you started thinking about steps to help you reach these goals?

What are essential requirements for career paths in academia, administration or industry? List thoughts and questions.

RESEARCH PROGRESS DEVELOPMENT ACADEMIC SKILLS ACTION PLAN

When will you start searching for a job or apply for a postdoc position?

It is advisable to explore favourite career options early!

What training or skillset is required to reach your career goals?

Are you aware of the workshops and trainings for doctoral candidates at Universität Hamburg or the Hamburg Research Academy?

How may your supervisor(s) help you to achieve your goals?

Talk to your supervisor(s) and other mentors about different career options. Try to learn from their insights and experiences.

YEAR 3/4: ACADEMIC SKILLS

You gain relevant competences and skills besides scientific knowledge during your doctoral project.

Reflecting on these regularly is important to identify strengths and developmental needs.

Take an honest look at yourself; compare your skills and qualities to those a doctoral candidate ready to defend their dissertation should have. Use the given form on the right evaluate your personal, current ability level from weak (--) to strong (++). You may skip individual lines, if there is no basis for evaluation, or use the blank spaces to add other skills.

Several institutions in Hamburg offer individual advising sessions, events and workshops for doctoral researchers:

UHH – Department 6: Human Resources www.uni-hamburg.de/en/uhh/organisation/praesidialverwaltung/personal/karriereentwicklung.html

UHH – Department 4: Research Management and Funding www.uni-hamburg.de/en/forschung/nachwuchs

UHH – Career Center www.uni-hamburg.de/en/career-center.html

HRA – Hamburg Research Academy www.hra-hamburg.de/en/promovierende

UHH – Konfliktprävention

www.kus.uni-hamburg.de/en/themen/gesundheit-familie-soziales-gleichstellung/soziale-beratungsangebote/konflikt-praevention-beratung.html





Inform yourself! Seize the opportunities.

RESEARCH PROGRESS DEVELOPMENT ACADEMIC SKILLS ACTION PLAN

	 -	+	++
Knowledge & Intellectual Abilities			
Subject knowledge			
Broad scientific knowledge			
Creative and innovative thinking			
Problem solving			
Analytical and critical thinking			
Personal Effectiveness			
Identifying career opportunities			
Time management			
Networking			
Responsibility and self-reflection			
Keeping documents up-to-date			
Creating a work-life balance			
Engagement & Impact			
Scientific writing			
Taking constructive criticism			
Presenting research			
Leading and motivating others			
Giving constructive feedback			
Teaching			
Public engagement			
Professionalism & Project Management			
Understanding authorship practice			
Understanding data ownership			
Demonstrating responsible conduct			
Identifying/managing conflict of interest			
Upholding commitments/deadlines			
Project planning and delivery			

YEAR 3/4: ACTION PLAN

1. Timeline

When do you plan to finish your doctoral project?

Disputation: (Month/Year)

2. Target Skills

What skills did you identify as important developmental targets for the coming year? Check your self-assessment and point out at least two targets.

3. Activities

What meetings, workshops and conferences do you plan to visit?

seminars do you plan to attend?

Do you plan a research stay abroad during your doctoral project? What teaching or comparable activities do you plan to do? What summer schools, soft skill courses and/or What collaborations or internships do you plan to initiate?

DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH PROGRESS ACADEMIC SKILLS **ACTION PLAN**

4. Funding

Do you need additional funding? Is the financial support set until the end of your doctorate?

5. Additional actions

There are numerous other options to make the most of your doctorate such as (online) networking, involvement in outreach work, work-shadowing at Universität Hamburg etc. Start to think about these little extras and list things you would like to try.

6. Follow-ups

When are you and your supervisor(s) going to discuss your professional development again?

7. More

Is there anything else you would like to point out?

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UNIVERSITÄT HAMBURG MIN GRADUATE CENTER

"The individual development plan (IDP) is a career planning tool that aims to assist PhD trainees in self-assessing skills, exploring career paths, developing short- and long-term career goals, and creating action plans to achieve those goals."

(F1000Research 2018, 7:1132)

"The IDP helps me to review past, focus on present and conquer future challenges of my PhD."

(Lisa Amelung, PhD candidate in Biology, Universität Hamburg)

References: This IDP is adapted from resources published by the Federation of American Societies of Experimental Biology (FASEB), Science Careers, Stanford Biosciences and the National Postdoctoral Association (USA).

Contact: min.consulting@uni-hamburg.de

Info: www.promovieren.uni-hamburg.de/EN/MIN

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Academy and the communication office of the MIN Faculty.

www.min.uni-hamburg.de/en/min-graduiertenzentrum





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